USE IRON PIPE MINERS TAKE A STAND NEELEYIS REARRESTED BOERS SEE M'KINLEY SPEAKS FOR M'KINLEY

By the City Council.

Decide That Wooden Stave Pipe Shall Denounces National Bank System, Inspector G veral Burton Accuses They Will Address Mass Meetings Would Center All Power For Govern-Not Be Used in the Construction of Water Improvements-Plain Talk by Some of Councilmen.

The city council decided by a vote of 'nine to five last night that wooden stave pipe is not so good as cast iron pipe in the building of declaration of principles. The declarawater systems and it thereby adds tion says that the federation believes about \$9,000 to the cost of the construc- that desired industrial reforms can be tion of the water improvements on the north and north east benches.

Councilman Gemmell intimated/in lowing as its principles: very broad language that a present of \$9,000 was being made to Mr. Moran, the contractor, the approval of whose the action of the board of public works, which decided that cast iron pipe is better than wooden stave pipe for this work, was endorsed. The city council has to this extent favored the board of public works rather than City Engineer Kelsey, in the contest which has been raging between them.

The board had recommended that the bid of Moran for this work amounting the action of the co-operation plan.

"Second—We are opposed to the expansion of our national boundaries for the acquisition of territory populated by the contest was endorsed by Edward K. Jones and Frederick P. Smith.

The prisoner was taken to the United States marshal's office and later was arrained before Judge Lacomic. Counsel for the prisoner made application for a reduction of the bail, but it was denied. Neely was then taken to the Ludlow Street jail.

The board had recommended that the bid of Moran for this work amounting the co-operation plan.

"Second—We are opposed to the expansion of our national boundaries for the acquisition of territory populated by other than the Caucasian race.

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"Third—We are opposed to imperialism and demand that civil government under the provisions of our federal constitution of the bail, but it was denied. Neely was then taken to the Ludlow Street jail.

Burton Tells of Theft. bid was unde r consideration. Thus the co-operation plan.

the board had recommended that the bid of Moran for this work amounting to over \$68,000 should be taken instead of that of another which offered to do the work for about \$59,000. Moran agreed to use cast iron pipe and the other bid in accord with the specifications of the city engineer contemplated on the property of the city engineer contemplated on the insular possessions of the United States.

"Fourth—We are opposed to arbitrary interference by federal authorities in local affairs, and we especially object to government by injunction as a new and highly dangerous form of the city engineer contemplated."

\$500,000 if done with wooden pipe, but which, if cost iron pipe is used, will cost \$1,000,000, according to the estimate of City Engineer Kelsey. This is the bringing in of the Big Cottonwood

Contract to Moran.

After the communication from the

stituted for the cast iron pipe, He made a lengthy argument on the subject, quoting from many eminent ens and superintendents of waterorks throughout the country to show only superior to east iron, but their ast was much less. He had a dozen more telegrains and letters from

Fernstrom who was one of the champions of the board of public works, declared that wherever wood came in contact with the air it would rot. "I defy any man in this council," said Gemmell in closing the argument,

"to produce testimony to show that cast iron.'

The vote on Gemmell's amendment to

use the wooden pipe stood "aye," Beatty, Gemmeli, Robertson, Thomas and Buckle; "noes," Canning, Cottrell, Fernstrom, Hartenstein, Hewlett, C. R. Howe, Edgar Howe, Reid, Tuddenham and Whittemore. Then there was further discussion.

Cortrell explained that he was against letting the work altogether on account of the great expense. Hewlett was likewise against it. Howe wanted to have half the work done now and half next

'If we vote a 6-mill tax we had better all take to the underground," said Robertson maintained that it was

useless to build a reservoir and acquire watersheds without sufficient water mains for the water. On the final vote, Canning, Cottrell Hewlett and C. R. Howe voted against letting the contract altogether. They had all voted in favor of cast iron pipe.

that the work was a necessity. CONTRACTS ARE APPROVED.

contract notwithstanding the iron pipe

City Council Passes on Contracts For City Improvements.

The council passed the recommendation of the board of public works that 6,800 feet of sewer pipe be purchased and the board was authorized to ad-vertise for bids.

The contract made with P. J. Moran made by the board for the laying of vater main extensions was approved. The memorial to congress asking that certain government lands be set apart as a forest reserve so that they be used as a watershed was read and

City Council Voted Last Night to Have Work Begin.

The city council last night approved the contract for the construction of the reservoir at Third East and Second South streets at a cost of \$25,000, which is \$8,900 less than the highest bid which was handed into the board of public works a month ago.

MAGGIE IS IN TROUBLE.

Mrs. Martell Has Frank Ruga Arrested For Assault and Battery. . Mrs. Maggie Martell is in more was taken to the hospital after the cuts trouble. She is accuser this time, for had been sewed up by Dr. Fernland. she swore out a warrant yesterday against Frank Ruga whom she charges with assault and battery. It seems, at least according to the story of Ruga, who is out on \$20 bonds, that

Engineer Kelsey Turned Down | Western Federation Adopts | Former Cuban Postal Agent | President Receives the Three | Senator Spooner Defends Policy Platform Principles.

VICTORY FOR PAT MORAN OPPOSES IMPERIALISM NOW LODGED IN JAIL, BACKS SECRETARY HAY WANTS MORE POWER

Increase of the Army and Government by Injunction-Favors Public Ownership of Utilities and Initiative and Referendum.

Denver, Colo, May 22.-The Western Federation of Miners today adopted a accomplished only by radical governmental changes and submits the fol-

"First-We believe that the wage system should be abolished, and the pro- \$50,000. duction of labor be distributed under

tions of the city engineer contemplated oppression by which federal judges, in wooden stave pipe. But this action of the council goes farther. There are in contemplation water improvements to the amount of ers.

pense a large military establishment imposes upon the producers of the nation (who are the actual taxpayers) The city engineer has declared, in we know from historical facts and our numerous communications to the council, that the public would have to pay a half million more for these improvements if cast iron pipe is used. Since the council has decided that the cast the council has decided that the cast the council has decided that the wooden, with the cost will refrain from voluntary enlistment that federal or numerous communications to the council, that the public would have to pay twice as much as they would, if his recommendation were followed.

Direct Legislation Demanded.

"Sixth--We believe representative

Opposed to National Banks. "Tenth-We denounce the national bank system as an institution established and maintained in the interest of capital alone and inimical to the best interests of the producers, and demand the system be abolished, and a postal savings bank system be substituted instance of a treaty stipulation or congressional legislation, there is no authority in the United States government to extradite a fugitive from foreign justice.

The line are the colorse of a treaty stipulation or congressional legislation, there is no authority in the United States government to extradite a fugitive from foreign justice.

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The line are the colorse of a treaty stipulation or congressional legislation in the colorse or congressional legislation. There is no authority in the United States government to extradite a fugitive from foreign justice. that the wooden stave pipes were not of capital alone and inimical to the best savings bank system be abstracted in stead, and we further demand that all moneys—gold, silver and paper—be issued by the government of the United Chatta direct to the people. The Cubans are free and independent people, and the island of Cuba is as much foreign territory as France or England.

States direct to the people.

ederation."

The chief business tomorrow will be of all systems of extradition."

Both the Western Federation of Miners and the Western Labor union have decided to hold their conventions next year in Denver.

At this morning's session of the Federation the ritual committee reported a great number of changes in the ritual to which they objected, on the ground work, all of which were adopted. A resolution was adopted asking all members to work toward establishing boards of arbitrations in the various states. Support and hearty sympathy with the clerks' union at Butte was voted in the fight being made upon the union by the Hennessey department

> The convention refused to indorse al bureau of mines. Resolutions, condemning President McKinley, General Merriam, Governor Steunenberg of Idaho and Governor Smith of Montana for their course in

trouble were adopted. RAZOR FIGHT AT OGDEN.

regard to the Coeur d'Alene miners

APPROVE RESERVOIR CONTRACT Hobo Badly Slashed By a Fellow Tramp.

(Special to The Herald.) Ogden, May 23.-In a hoboes' quarrel occurring back of the Italian saloon on Twenty-fifth street last night one of the participants was badly slashed by a razor. A number of the fellows were be stopped at once in view of the promcarousing in that neighborhood, and ising state of affairs in the city. two of them got into a fight. One of them whipped out the razor and went METHODIST DEADLOCK ENDS for his adversary, cutting several gashwielder of the razor made his escape and had not been arrested at an early

TAMMANY MUST ANSWER. Van Wyck and Others Cited in Ice

Trust Case.

knife.

He hit her on the head with a broomstick to quiet her. That is what he says. Markell was at the police station yesterday to testify against Ruga, but the case went over. She was too intoxicated to give a connected accept of her side of the case.

The only business before Judge Timmony was the examination of Moran, who is charged with burglary. But it went over. Moran was caught without shoes and came into court in green and yellow socks.

An order, on petition of five members of the Board of Freedmen's Aid and Pontal Advocate, were seventeen and property of the Western Christian Advocate, were elevated to the episcopacy on the seventeenth ballot.

Buys Lumber For Manila.

Seattle, Wash., May 22.—Quartermaster Robinson today awarded a contract for the purchase of 2,500,066 feet of Washington fir lumber for Manila. The fielder of Tammany hall in Mr. Croker's partner in numerous enterprises and Carroll is called of Freedmen's Aid and Pontal Advocate, were elevated to the episcopacy on the seventeenth ballot.

Buys Lumber For Manila.

Seattle, Wash., May 22.—Quartermaster Robinson today awarded a contract for the purchase of 2,500,066 feet of Washington fir lumber for Manila. The first partner in numerous enterprises and Carroll is was awarded at that figure.

Taken in New York.

Him of congfully Converting \$35,400-House Judiciary Committee Recommends New Extradition Bill Despite Plea of the Ac-

cused Man's Attorney.

New York, May 22.-Charles F. W. suit against Neely by the United States. He is charged with the wrongful conversion of \$35,400. His bail was fixed at

EXTRADITION LAW FAVORED. Neeley's Lawyer Fails to Move House

Committee. Washington, May 22.-John D. Lindsey, attorney for Charles F. W. Neely, appeared before the house judiciary committee today and submitted an argu-

After the communication from the board recommending that the contract be let to Moran was read, Councilman Edgar Howe moved that it be received and placed on file and the contract be approved. He was seconded by Tudenham and Fernstrom.

On the suggestion of Cottrell the report of the committee on finance to suggest ways and means for raising the money for this and other improvements was read. The committee recommended that bonds for the amount of \$161,500 at \$3½ per cent or 4 per cent interest be sold, and that if the public would not vote them, that the money be raised by an additional tax levy of six mills.

Gemmell, who in addition to being a city councilman is the state engineer, moved that wooden stave pipe be substituted for the cast iron pipe, He made a lengthy argument on the subject, quoting from many eminent enlieved on the incompact that wooden stave pipe be subject, quoting from many eminent enlieved on the successary to enforce legislation as the first step part of the also presented a voluminous choil. He also presented a voluminous choil. He also presented a voluminous choil the part of government a fable and reparative form of government a fable and reparative first form of government a fable and reparative first form of government a fable and reparative form of government a fable and reparative first form of government a fable and reparative first form of government a fable and reparative first form of government a fable and reparative for one force legislation as the first step form, and therefore demand the initial laws, state and municioa

Position Taken in Brief.

tates direct to the people.

"Eleventh—We stand unalterably oposed to the immigration of cheap lation to a place where the laws and judicial methods."

"No nation should authorize by treaty or legislation any form of extradition to a place where the laws and judicial methods." posed to the immigration of cheap la-bor and demand that the prohibitions clal methods are abhorrent to its ideas of

available for public office he should be advanced and supported in preference to all other candidates.

"Fourteenth—We recommend the full and free discussion of all economic and political questions by all unions of the federation."

The able having the should be advanced and supported in preference to all other candidates.

"7. In the absence of any means where the public terms in the United States can be demanded, the proposed legislation is manifestly untimely. Reciprocal power to demand and reciprocal power to surrender fugitives lies at the base of the state of the s

The chief business tomorrow will be the election of officers. A few alterations will be made in the constitution and then the convention will adjourn. PLAGUE PACT WITH CHINESE

WITH THE SIX COMPANIES.

Against the Bubonic Infection.

neys of the Chinese six companies this would be favorably moved. the proposed establishment of a nation- afternoon, a letter was drawn up for ibly compel Chinese to submit to inocu-

reason to believe that the plague has tained. been completely stamped out, though every precaution will be taken until lating Chinese who attempt to leave the city by boat or train, but this may

Admitted.

Chicago, May 22.-The Methodist genposed of a question that for many years has been a source of dispute in Methodist conferences—the admission of women to the general conference. of Ruga, who is out on \$20 bonds, that he was passing her house on Sunday evening when she called him some hard names and rushed upon him with a an order, on petition of five members the Board of Freedmen's Aid and Dr. J. W. Hamilton of the New England conference, general secretary of the Board of Freedmen's Aid and Dr. J. W. Hamilton of the New England conference, general secretary of the Board of Freedmen's Aid and Dr. J. W. Hamilton of the New England conference, general secretary of the Board of Freedmen's Aid and Dr. J. W. Hamilton of the New England conference, general secretary of the Board of Freedmen's Aid and Dr. J. W. Hamilton of the New England conference, general secretary of the Board of Freedmen's Aid and Dr. J. W. Hamilton of the New England conference, general secretary of the Board of Freedmen's Aid and Dr. J. W. Hamilton of the New England conference, general secretary of the Board of Freedmen's Aid and Dr. J. W. Hamilton of the New England conference, general secretary of the Board of Freedmen's Aid and Dr. J. W. Hamilton of the New England conference, general secretary of the Board of Freedmen's Aid and Dr. J. W. Hamilton of the New England conference and Dr. J. W. Hamilton of the New England conference and Dr. J. W. Hamilton of the New England conference and Dr. J. W. Hamilton of the New England conference and Dr. J. W. Hamilton of the New England conference and Dr. J. W. Hamilton of the New England conference and Dr. J. W. Hamilton of the New England conference and Dr. J. W. Hamilton of the New England conference and Dr. J. W. Hamilton of the New England conference and Dr. J. W. Hamilton of the New England conference and Dr. J. W. Hamilton of the New England conference and Dr. J. W. Hamilton of the New England conference and Dr. J. W. Hamilton of the New England conference and Dr. J. W. Hamilton of the New England conference and Dr. J. W. Hamilton of the New England conference and Dr. J. W. Hamilton of the New England conference and Dr. J. W. Hamilton of the New England conference and Dr.

was awarded at that figure.

South African Enveys.

GETS \$9,000 MORE ON HIS CONDEMANDS FREE COINAGE OF SILBAIL IS \$50,000, WHICH HE TELLS DELEGATES HE WILL NOT SUPPORTS BILL MAKING THE glass windows. The alters in many cases serve as dinner tables for the soldiers and the windows as loop holes to

Throughout the United States in Behalf of the Cause of Liberty-Administration's Course is Duly Approved in England.

Washington, May 22.-Messrs. Fischer, Wessels and Wolmorans, the Boer today Mr. Spooner (Wis.) made a nota-Neely, former chief financial agent of envoys, visited the White House at ble speech in favor of his bill providing the postoffice department at Havana, was 10 o'clock this morning, according to that upon the suppression of the insurrearrested today by a United States mar- previous arrangement, to pay their res- rection in the Philippines the governshal on a warrant issued by United pects to the president. No official sta- ment of the islands shall devolve upon States Circuit Judge Lacombe in a civil tus was given the visitors and they the president until such time as con-

The arrest was made on information selves, the president and Secretary Corfurnished by George H. Burton and the touched upon a resident and Secretary Cortelyou. At the first the conversation

Attached to the order of arrest is the affidavit of Burton, an inspector general of the United States army, with rank as colonel, stationed in Cuba, and other affidavits. In his affidavit Colonel Burton reviews the history of the case, telling how Neely fled at the approach of investigators.

After going into the details of his investigators.

After going into the details of his investigation of the office, Colonel Burton says:

They said they understood that what Secretary Hay told them yesterday was final, and that the position of the United States was that this country could not interfere in the struggle in South Africa.

Backs Up Hay.

They said they understood that what Secretary Hay told them yesterday was final, and that the position of the United States was that this country could not interfere in the struggle in South Africa.

Backs Up Hay.

"My investigation demonstrated that Charles F. W. Neely, as chief of the bureau of finance, has received the sum of \$122.656.62, of which he has deposited with the treasurer of Cuba the sum of \$77.281.37, and the balance, amounting to \$45.375.25, or any part thereof, cannot be found and that the said sum remains entirely unaccounted for."

The president confirmed this view. He said the action he took some time ago, when at the request of the Transvaal government he had offered his good offices to England to bring about peace, he did with great pleasure in the hope that it might possibly bring the conflict to an end. The offer had been declined by Great Britain and he said there was nothing further which said there was nothing further which the United States could do in the prem-

> The envoys intimated that they were glad to feel they had friends in this country and then bade the president good-bye.

Will Address Meetings.

Those who have been closely iden-tified with the Boer delegation since ment against the proposed extradition they have been in Washington and who bill. He also presented a voluminous conferred with them today on their plans say that as a result of the state-ments of the secretary of state and the president the delegates will not remain long in Washington, but will attend a series of meetings to be held throughout the country. Before going to the White House today the delegates breakfasted with Mr. John E. Milholland of New York, Messrs. St. John Gaffney and Representative Sulzer also being present

being present.

The state department does not expect to have any further communication with the Boer delegates. If the delegates had any credentials given them them, or even to refer to them at any time in the course of their talks with the officials. The only sign of the possession by them of diplomatic powers was the inscription on the cards presented by them, indicating that each one of the delegates had been sent out as a minister pleniotentiary by the

ly refrained from presenting them, in order to avoid a dislocation of their plans for the puture. Having had reason to anticipate the declination of the United States government to intervene in behalf of the republics, it is

definitely in closing the argument, produce testimony to show that oden stave pipe is not better than trion."

Against Wooden Pipe.

The vote on Gemmell's amendment to the wooden pipe stood "aye," atty, Gemmeli, Robertson, Thomas is Buckle; "noes," Canning, Cottrell, restrom, Hartenstein, Hewlett, C. R. we. Edgar Howe, Reid, Tuddenham di Whittemore.

The prolicy of the United States has from endeavoring to establish a diplomative of the wooden propers. The conduction of affairs in Cuba study and discuss economic and positive of the wooden propers. The propersion of the republics, it is surmised that the delegates refrained from endeavoring to establish a diplomative of the wooden and justified and justice.

"The policy of the United States has a from endeavoring to establish a diplomative of the Spanish system of law."

"The conduction of affairs in Cuba study and discuss economic and positive of the policy declared in the Spanish that the delegates refrained from endeavoring to establish a diplomative of the work of the United States has a from endeavoring to establish a diplomative of the United States has a surmised that the delegates refrained from endeavoring to establish a diplomative of the United States has a surmised that the delegates refrained from endeavoring to establish a diplomative of the United States has a surmised that the delegates refrained from endeavoring to establish a diplomative of the United States has a surmised that the delegates refrained from the fight and justice.

"The policy of the United States has a surmised that the delegates of surmised that the delegates from endeavoring to establish a diplomative of the United States has a surmised that the delegates refrained from the policy of the United States has a surmised that the delegates of surmised that the delegates from endeavoring to establish a diplomative of the United States has a surmised that the delegates from endeavoring to establish a diplomative of the United States has a surmised that the delegates from endeavoring taken so long as the agitation is conducted by private individuals. But it is said at the state department the precedent established in the case of Genet, the agent sent to this country by French revolutionists, would require the government peremptorily to stop lornatic agents of the belligerent nation of efforts to aid their cause within the United States, through public demon-

Made a Deep Impression.

It is evident that the delegates made a deep impression upon the officials of our government with whom they came in contact yesterday, and it is said that Celestials in San Francisco Will Not it was only the plain demands of neutrality as laid down in Secretary Hay's be Forced Into Inoculation response to the Boer representations that prevented the return of an answer that would have been much more satisfactory to them. The delegates were disappointed at the response made by Secretary Hay, indicating that up to San Francisco, May 22.—At a meeting the last moment they had cherished a of the board of health and the attor-

Ready to Make Concessions. posting in Chinatown to the effect. It is gathered that the Boers are that the board of health will not forcibly compel Chinese to submit to inoculation and that only those volunteer-ing to undergo the operation would be treated by the physicians. It was also decided that a house-to-house canvas to abandon the much talked of dyna-of Chinatown would be prosecuted to discover if possible any hidden cases of any concessions, if the victorious Britthe disease, if such exists, and to thoroughly cleanse disease-breeding spots.

They hope that the American people No new cases have been reported to will bring such pressure to bear upon the board and that body now has every the English that this object can be at-

BRITAIN IS PLEASED.

London, May 22.—The reply of the Asse Was ington government to the Boer published today. Beace envoys satisfies Great Britain. The Standard says: "It is the only correct idea, the only possible line for thorough investigation of the operaes about the head and face. The Bishops Are Elected and Women Are the Washington authorities to take, for pany in Havana, its organization and they know perfectly well that America its relations to this government was has not a shred of concern in this Af-Chicago. May 22.—11: Methodist gen-eral conference today elected two mem-nose of ourselves without assistance bers of the board of general superintendents, after a battle of boilots tasting nearly a week, and also finally disposed of a question that for many ing a presidential campaign, is com-plete. The United States senate rejected a proposal to admit them, and, moreover, Mr. Hay assured them that while the president desires peace, he is bound to adhere to the policy of imand partial neutrality."

Message From MacArthur.

In Philippines.

ment of the Islands in Administration Until Peace Is Restored-Two Resolutions Favoring the Boers Are Introduced.

Washington, May 22.-In the senate

presented no credentials.

The envoys were received in the blue parlor, no one being present but them selves, the president and Secretary Corselves, the president and Secretary Corselves, the president and Secretary Corselves. the administration in the Philippines. The bill provides that when insurrection "shall have been completely sup-pressed by the military and naval forces of the United States, all military, civil and judicial powers necessary to govern the said islands shall, until otherwise provided by congress, be vested in such persons and persons, and shall be exercised in such manner tomac river.

President Kruger's name finally was mentioned and the visitors the stated their purpose in coming to this country. They said they understood that what Secretary Hay told them yesterday was final and the Potential vested in such persons and persons, and shall be exercised in such persons and persons, and shall be exercised in such persons and persons, and shall be exercised in such persons and persons, and shall be exercised in such persons and persons, and shall be exercised in such persons and persons, and shall be exercised in such persons and persons, and shall be exercised in such persons and persons, and shall be exercised in such persons and persons, and shall be exercised in such persons and persons, and shall be exercised in such persons and persons.

property and religion."

Mr. Spooner said he supposed it would be admitted that if there had been no war with Spain and she had tendered to us a section of the Philippine archipelago the proposition of its acceptance would have been very unattractive to the people. He did not believe the problems now presented to this government were presented because it devolved on the United States to christianize the world. While ours was a missionthe world. While ours was a missionary people, the government is not a missionary government.

"We have problems of our own," declared Mr. Spooner, "and our first duty is to subserve the interests of our own

Calls it a Question of Honor.

"There has never been an hour since the capitulation of Manila to our forces when, without dishonor to our navy, we could have sailed away from Manila. Our duty there was to maintain our honor and to protect the inhabitants of

the city.' Mr. Spooner then referred to the sen-ators "who have seemed to exult some-times in coupling the names of half-caste Filipinos with that of our own Washington," and he read a portion of a proclamation issued by one of Ag-uinald's leaders warning the Filipinos uinaldo's leaders warning the Filipinos in Manila that upon a specified date "all others would be exterminated without compassion, after the extermination of the army of occupation."
"Was there ever anything worse than that?" he demanded.

Existence of Order Denied. Mr. Pettigrew interrupted Mr. Spoon-

er to declare that no such order or proclamation was ever issued. Mr. Spooner replied that it was contained in an official document issued by the government. Talks of Previous Insurrection.

Mr. Spooner said that the insurrection of 1898 was not much of an insurrection and he was not prepared to say that any of the money paid by the Spanish to secure peace had been appropriated by Aguinaldo to his personal purposes. The Filipinos had surrendered their arms. He repeated that the insurrection was of little consenot equal to that of the present time

Spooner, "if the Democrats can't help ippine republic in existence when our troops first invaded Manila, was not such as to command our recognition, as

Measure to prevent reprisals, thus giving France needed peace.

A test vote, which divided the chamsuch as to command our recognition, as had been claimed.

The United States having acquired totalled 226. the Philippines by the treaty of Paris, Mr. Spooner continued, the president confidently declared that the govern-could do no less than send troops to ment would now be safe until after the

could do no less than send troops to that archipelago. He could not have asked Aguinaldo for an armistice.

"Say what you choose about the president," Mr. Spooner exclaimed, "he has been grossly insulted in this chamber, but he has done his duty and done it in a way to impress on the Filipinos his desire and the desire of the American desire and the desire of the American people to do them good, to give them the largest liberty possible, and he has done it in disregard of hostile criticism at home; he has done what under his oath he was obliged to do; he has sent

United States troops to enforce the authority over territory of the United States Here Mr. Spooner suspended his remarks until tomorrow.

Boer Resolutions Introduced. Mr. Wellington presented the resolution adopted by the meeting held in this city on Sunday evening last to welcome the envoys from the South African republics. He gave notice that he would speak on the subject. He gave notice that Monday

Mr. Allen offered a resolution requesting the president to transmit to the nate translations of the constitutions of the South African republics and Orange Free State. It was adopted.

Light Asked on Philippine Affairs. The resolution introduced by Mr. Kenney (Del.), calling upon the secretary of war for certain information regarding the situation of our affairs in the Philippines and the military operations in those islands was laid before the senate. After some colloquy a similar resolution introduced by Mr. and reported favorably from the comhis belief is verified.

The federal authorities are still inocuating Chinese who attempt to leave he city by boat or train, but this may be city by boat or train, but this may be city by boat or train. ney read as a part of his remarks the Associated Press dispatch from Manila,

The resolution of Mr. Jones (Ark.) directing the secretary of war to make a

HONORS THE KINGS. House Aids Administration in Its Present Policy.

Washington, May 22.- The house devoted the entire day to the Alaskan

tion of the Alaskan civil government bill. There was much debate over the tion of the Alaskan civil government bill. There was much debate over the sections relating to the mining laws, but no action was taken

The conference report on the army appropriation bill was adopted. The senate amendment for the library at Manila had been stricken out.

RETURNS FROM PHILIPPINES.

(Continued from Page 1.)

repel a rebel attack.
"Our soldiers seem to take advantage of the situation and in many instances I might add, they are not paragons of proper conduct for their Fili-pino foes. Drunkenness in their greatest bane and many cases of insanity are resulting from over indulgence in liquor. There are four or five insane privates on the ship coming home, who had become maniacs from drink-

'In my trips over the islands I viswhere several of them fell, including the place where Dr. Harry Young's body was found. I also visited the islands to the south and was charmed Colorado, died at noon today of general debility, resulting from stomach trouble. He was 68 years old.

For almost thirty-five years Nathan-

Gay Scenes in Manila.

"In Manila, however, we enjoyed the est American society and with nightfall the city is ablaze with festivity. The drives are beautiful and the entertainments are lavish. Heroes go largely to make society more interesting and the lord of all creation when I left was Lieutenant Gilmore, who had such a sensational experience in captivity. He is a delightful reminiscencer and is yet a very young man, not over 35.

"Just now life in Manila is being disturbed considerably by the pilfering of the natives. The essence of Filipino character is theft and mendacity

and the courts are kept busy trying of-Major Young is so involved by his official duties that his return to Utah is purely problematical. He is pleased with his new office and the character of

his duties.' Mrs. Young, when asked what the sentiment was toward General Otis, said that he was much esteemed by his

fellow officers.
"They regretted to lose him," she said, "but General MacArthur is equally as well liked."

Mrs. Young is occupying the family residence at Second and C streets and will make a prolonged stay in Zion.

DREYFUS CASE WILL NOT DOWN

Premier Waldeck-Rousseau Strongly

FRENCH CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES

Paris, May 22.-After an adjourn-

sonal purposes. The Filipinos had surrendered their arms. He repeated that the insurrection was of little consequence, which led Mr. Tillman to introduce that the vote of the people was due to a misunderstanding which he hoped would seen be cleared up. The nationalists, he continued, will terject the remark that it was true only live a certain time and the governat the insurrection of that date was ot equal to that of the present time."

"We will have more," responded Mr.

France had been suffering. In pardoning Dreyfus, he pointed out, the government undertook at the same time to Continuing he said the so-called Phil- end the agitation, and by the amnesty

ber into Republicans and anti-Republi-cans, showed 439 former and fifty-six of Replying to Mr. Tillman Mr. Spooner said our 65,000 troops were in the Philippines for the purpose of maintaining order in territory which had been acquired by the United States.

After the voting the ministerialists

(Continued from Page 1.) cratic national convention in Kansas City was agreed upon at a meeting here today of the committee recently appointed by the Western Passenger

association. It had been previously decided to grant for the convention a rate of one fare for the round trip, with a return limit until July 9. The committee today decided to extend the limit to Sept. 30, in order to enable those attending the convention to make excursions to the various pleasure resorts and fields of investment in the west. To secure this extension tickets must be deposited with the local passenger bureau, which will grant extensions to correspond with the excursion tickets

purchased. ANOTHER KENTUCKY ARREST. Powers Accused of Connection With

Goebel Murder. Frankfort, Ky., May 22.—John Powers, brother of Secretary of State Caleb Powers, and who is indicted for the assassination of Senator Goebel, was arrested in the mountains of Knox county last night. He was taken to Barboursville, where habeas corpus proceedings were begun today. Governor Beckham issued an order today dismissing the Democratic soldiers, and they will return home to

The Kentucky authorities will not atempt to mandamus Governor Mount to honor the requisition of Governor Beckham for the arrest of Finley, arrested in Indiana in connection with the Goebel murder. The opinion prevails that the matter is wholly within the province of the governor of each state, and that no legal action can be maintained to enforce the requisition.

TWO SENATORS CHOSEN.

Louisiana Re-elects McEnery and Displaces Caffery. Baton Rouge, La., May 22.-Both

houses of the state legislature assemcivil bill. Slow progress was made, only twenty-four pages being disposed Governor M. J. Foster to the United

Message From MacArthur.

Washington, May 22.—The following cablegram has been received from General MacArthur:

"Wheaton reports that two companies of insurgents, comprising the commands and, one captain, two first lieutenants, four second lieutenants and 163 men, with 168 guns in good condition and a small countity of ammunition, surrendered at Tarlac as 2 a. m., May 22.—This is the first instance in the island of surrender determined to the United States."

"I trust there will be no objection on this side to the passage of the bill," interval of the state for eight years, only yester day vacating that office. Senator Foster are succeeds, and Senator Foster are outsined although avowed political enterprise of the state for eight years, only yester day vacating that office. Senator Foster are succeeds, and Senator Foster are outsined although avowed political enterprise of the state for eight years, only yester day vacating that office. Senator Foster are succeeds, and Senator Foster are outsined although avowed political enterprise of the state for eight years, only years, only yester day vacating that office. Senator Foster are succeeds, and Senator Foster are outsined at the professor to recoil a step or two and pass over a few pages of his manuscript, presumably along the same lines.

This evening the command-day vacating that office. Senator Foster are succeeds, and Senator Foster are outsined the professor to recoil a step or two and pass over a few pages.

This evening the to make them manuscript the state for eight years, only yester day vacating that office. Senator Foster are succeeds, and Senator Foster are succ

Former United States Senator From Colorado Succumbs.

POSSESSED VAST WEALTH

FOUNDED AND OWNED THE AR-GO SMELTER.

Centrolled the Denver Republican-Once a Professor of Chemistry-Acquired Large Oil and Other Interests, Principally in Colorado and Montana-Illness Lasted Long

Denver, Colo., May 22.-Nathaniel P. find the scenes where the Utah boys Hill, former United States senator from fought and bled. I stood on the spots Colorado, died at neon today of general

by the picturesque scenery, Sulu is particularly beautiful. I didn't get a chance to see the sultan or any of his wives. He lives in a palace ten miles from Lele the scenery of the scenery for the scenery f from Jolo, the prettiest city in the Philippines.

one of the greatest fortunes of the Philippines. Philippines.

"I was much impressed with the productivity of the region and some day there will be great openings afforded for investors. American monied men have not yet paid much attention to the commercial opportunities of the islands but are waiting until hostilities cease.

Gay Scenes in Manila.

state, amounting to several million dollars. He was the owner of the Boston & Colorado smelter, better known as the Argo, chief owner of the oil fields at Florence, controlled by the United Oil company and owner of a four-fifths interest in the Denver Republican. He had, besides, large interests in Colorado and Montana.

The smelter was Mr. Hill's pride. As an instance showing the character of the man it is related that in the trying times following the panic of 1893, when wages were being reduced in all lines of industry, he refused to allow any

reduction at the Argo smelter. Was Professor of Chemistry.

Mr. Hill was born in Orange county, N. Y., in 1832. His father was an extensive farmer, and was at one time county judge. At the age of 21 the son entered Brown university. In 1856 he was made a tutor in the chemical department of the university and in 1860 he was elected professor of chemistry continuing in that position with istry, continuing in that position until

Boston and Providence capitalists placed at his disposal a sufficient sum to enable him to make a thorough ex-amination of the mines of Gilpin counamination of the mines of Gilpin country, Colorado, for the purpose of discovering a more economical method of treating the ores produced there. He visited the reduction works at Swansea, Wales, and spent many months studying the methods of ore reduction there and elsewhere in Europe. In the spring of 1867 he organized the Boston & Colorado Smelting company, and has since devoted his energies largely to its successful management, meantime besuccessful management, meantime beoming interested in other business

Elected to the Senate. RENCH CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES

DISCUSSES REOPENING IT.

DISCUSSES REOPENING IT.

He was defeated for re-election. Mr. Hill was an earnest advocate of, the free coinage of silver and of a postal telegraph system. He was named by President Harrison as a member of the international monetary commission, but the commission never went abroad and it accomplished nothing for silver.

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The home of Senator re-election. Mr. Hill was an earnest advocate of, the free coinage of silver and of a postal telegraph system. He was named by President Harrison as a member of the international monetary commission, but the commission never went abroad and it accomplished nothing for silver. In 1879 Mr. Hill was elected United

of the city. Courteous, refined and hon-orable, Senator Hill will be remembered ment of six weeks parliament reas-sembled today.

CLARK'S PAPERS PUT IN

Senator Carter of Montana Presents the Credentials.

Washington, May 22.-The credentials of W. A. Clark as senator, appointed by Lieutenant Governor Spriggs of Montana, were presented at 4:05 by Senator Carter.

The credentials consisted of the gov-

ernor's certificate of appointment. Mr. Carter simply asked that the certificate be read and laid on the table. This was done. The incident created a ripple of interest from the senate, but caused no MUST DEFEND THE REPUBLIC further remarks. An agreement was reached today between the friends of Senator Clark of Montana and the senate committee on privileges and elections to postpone any

action upon the senator's credentials until Wednesday, the 30th inst. In the meantime the credentials of Martin Maginnis will be presented and the papers in both cases will be considered to-Following is the full text of Lieuten-

ant Governor Spriggs' certificate in the case of Senator Clark: "State of Montana, Executive Chamber.
"Helena, Mont., May 15, 1900.—Whereas, A vacancy has occurred in the representation of the state of Montana in the senate of the United States, caused by the residential by the resignation of Senator William

"Whereas, The legislature of said state is not in session, but in recess, therefore, be it known that pursuant to the power vested in me by the constitution of the United State. stitution of the United States, I, A. E. Spriggs, the lieutenant governor and acting governor of the said state, do hereby appoint William Andrews Clark, a citizen and inhabitant of said state, to be a member of the senate of the United States, to fill the vacancy so caused and existing as aforesaid, to have and to hold the said office and membership until the next meeting of

the legislature of this state. 'In witness whereof, etc., "A. E. SPRIGGS, "Acting Governor, "By his excellency, the acting gover-or. T. S. HOGAN,

MOTHERS HISS A PAPER. Object to Statement That Marriage Is

Des Moines, Ia., May 22.-There were hisses and protests in the National Mothers' congress this afternoon at some of the doctrines advanced by Oscar Cristman, A. M., Ph. D., professor of paidology in the Kansas State Normal school at Emporia, Kas.

The professor's subject was "The Scene of Child Study" and he described at length the meaning of the word "paidology," which he said was not to of.

In assembling, a senate bill was passed to reserve certain lands in Hawaii for cemetery purposes.

Mr. Knox (Mass.), in explaining the Sound in elected expanding and elected expanding the United States senate, and re-elected Hon. Samuel Douglas McEnery, who is at asked "For what do you educate your girls, finely furnish your homes and give them social pleasures." girs, nnery turnish your homes and give them social pleasures?" he answered: "To make them marriage-able." There was a storm of hisses and expressions of disgust and profest

"Secretary of State." Chief Aim.